

City Environmental Quality Review

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT STATEMENT

PART I, GENERAL INFORMATION

SEP 2 9 2005

			DEPT. OF CITY PLANNING
Reference	1.	_06DCP032M	DEPT. OF CITY PLANNING
Numbers		CEQR REFERENCE NUMBER (TO BE ASSIGNED BY LEAD AGENCY)	BSA REFERENCE NO IF APPLICABLE
		PENDING ULURP REFERENCE NO IF APPLICABLE	
		OLONF REFERENCE NO IF APPLICABLE	OTHER REFERENCE NO (S) IF APPLICABLE (e g, Legislative Intro, CAPA, etc.)
Lead Agency &	2a.	LEAD AGENCY	2b. APPLICANT INFORMATION
		New York City Department of City Planning	Columbia University
Applicant		NAME OF LEAD AGENCY	NAME OF APPLICANT
Information		Dahant Daharaki	Richard G. Leland, Esq.
PROVIDE APPLICABLE		Robert Dobruskin NAME OF LEAD AGENCY CONTACT PERSON	Kramer Levin Naftalis & Frankel LLP NAME OF APPLICANT'S REPRESENTATIVE OR CONTACT
INFORMATION		22 Reade Street, Room 4E	PERSON
		ADDRESS	1177 Avenue of the Americas
		New York NY 10007	New York NY 10036
		CITY STATE ZIP	CHY STATE ZIP
		(212) 720-3423 (212) 720-3495 IELEPHONE FAX	(212) 715-8087 (212) 715-8000 TELEPHONE FAX
		rdobrus@planning.nyc.gov	_rleland@kramerlevin.com
		EMAIL ADDRESS	EMAIL ADDRESS
Action	3a.	NAME OF PROPOSAL Manhattanville in West Harler	m Rezoning and Academic Mixed-Use Development
Description SEE CEQR MANUAL SECTIONS 2A & 2B	3b.	DESCRIBE THE ACTION(S) AND APPROVAL(S) BEING SOUGHT FROM OR UNDE AGENCIES) AND, BRIEI LY, DESCRIBE THE DEVELOPMENT OR PROJECT THAT See page 1a.	RTAKEN BY CITY (AND IF APPLICABLE, STATE AND FEDERAL WOULD RESULT FROM THE PROPOSED ACTION(S) AND APPROVAL(S)
	3c.	DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE OF AND NEED FOR THE ACTION(S) AND APPROVAL(S	
	٠	See page 1d.	المساور المساو
Required	4.	CITY DI ANNING COMMISSION	
Action or	7.	☐ Change in City Map ☐ Zoning Certification	□ No See also page Ta □ Site Selection - Public Facility To
Approvals			Disposition – Real Property
		■ Zoning Text Amendment	UDAAP Revocable Consent Concession
		Charter 197-a Plan	
		Zoning Special Permit, specify type	<u></u>
		☐ Modification of	<u> </u>
		Other	
	5.	UNIFORM LAND USE PROCEDURE (ULURP)	
	6.	BOARD OF STANDARDS AND APPEALS	⊠ Yes □ No
	υ.	Special Permit	☐ Yes ⊠ No ewal Expiration Date
		☐ Variance ☐ Use ☐ Bulk	
		Specify affected section(s) of Zoning Resolution	
	7.	DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION	✓ Yes □ No
		☐ Title V Facility ☑ Power Generating	
PLEASE NOTE THAT	8.	OTHER CITY APPROVALS	☐ Yes ☐ No
MANY ACTIONS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO CEOR.		☐ Legislation ☐ Rulemaking specify agency	
SEE SECTION 110 OF			f Construction, Specify
TECHNICAL MANUAL.		Policy or plan Permits, Specify	
		Other, explain NYCDEP approval to relocate public	utilities, amend the area drainage plan, and
		construct and operate on-site centrali	
			LIU 007 1 1 2005
			NCT 1 1 2005

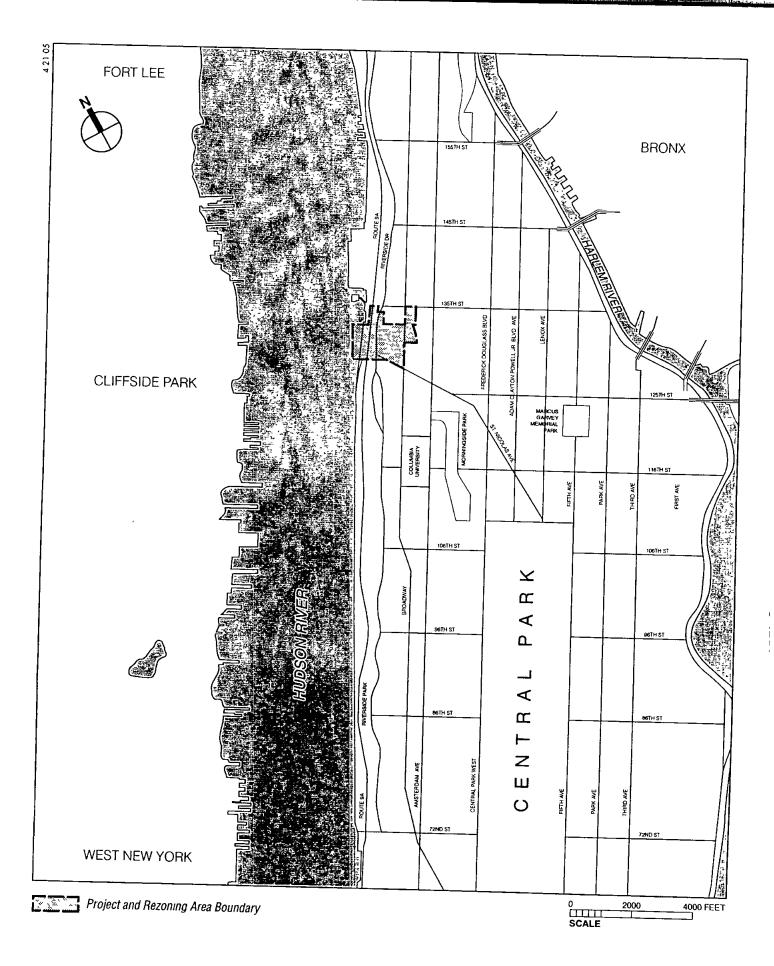
Columbia University proposes the Manhattanville in West Harlem Rezoning and Academic Mixed-Use Development project (the "Proposed Actions"/"Proposed Project") in an approximately 35-acre area (the "Project Area") of Manhattanville in West Harlem in Manhattan (see Figure 1). The rezoning would amend the zoning map in the Project Area, create the Special Manhattanville Mixed-Use Zoning District, and allow Columbia University to develop an Academic Mixed-Use plan (the "Academic Mixed-Use Development") on approximately 17 acres (the "Academic Mixed-Use Area") within the 35-acre rezoning area to meet its need for long-term growth and modernization. The Academic Mixed-Use Area constitutes Subdistrict A of the Project Area (see Figure 2). The Proposed Actions would also rezone the area adjacent to the Academic Mixed-Use Area (Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas of the Project Area [see Figure 2]).

In addition to the rezoning, implementation of the Academic Mixed-Use Development plan would involve the adoption of a General Project Plan (GPP) for the Academic Mixed-Use Area, by the New York State Urban Development Corporation (doing business as the Empire State Development Corporation [ESDC]) to provide for ESDC's assistance to facilitate the acquisition of property below streets (all of which would remain mapped open streets at grade) and possibly the assemblage of above-grade sites to support the Academic Mixed-Use Development. The GPP would also provide for the implementation of any features of the Academic Mixed-Use Development plan that cannot be mandated through zoning regulations or other mechanisms. Because ESDC is a state entity, the DEIS will also meet the requirements of the New York State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA).

The Proposed Actions would change an area currently zoned M1-2, M1-1, M2-3, and M3-1 that contains moving and storage, parking, manufacturing, and wholesaling buildings, a number of which are partially or totally vacant. There are also a few residential buildings, primarily clustered on the east end of the block between Broadway, Twelfth Avenue, and West 131st and 132nd Streets. The Proposed Actions would rezone the Project Area to R8A, R8A with a C1-4 overlay, and C6-2

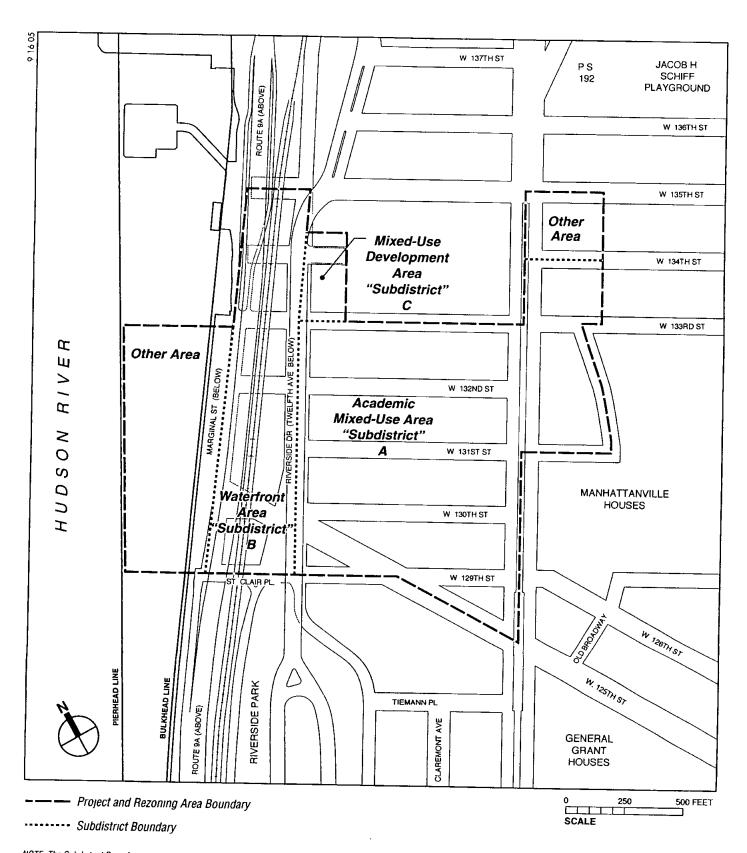
The area in which the Academic Mixed-Use Development would be constructed is shown on Figure 2. The Academic Mixed-Use Development would be built over time to contain a total of approximately 6.8 million gross square feet of new space for research, instruction, and housing for graduate students, faculty, and other employers, retail, and support (see Figure 3). Of the total 6.8 million GSF of Academic Mixed-Use Development, approximately 4.7 million GSF would be located above grade and 2.1 million GSF would be located below grade in several basement levels including areas beneath the streets, including centralized steam and chilled water plants; research support space; loading docks; and parking and storage facilities. The development of the below-grade support facility may involve demapping or other action with respect to certain volume below street grade. Approximately 50,000 to 70,000 square feet of privately owned, publicly accessible open spaces would also be provided in the Academic Mixed-Use Development. The proposed new buildings would range from seven to 20 stories. One or another of two specified land uses would be permitted on each development site, as shown on Table 1. These uses are illustrated on Figure 3, which presents one of the specified uses on each site; taken together, these sites and uses constitute an Illustrative Plan, for analysis in the EIS.

The Academic Mixed-Use Development would have to accommodate the functions of the Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA) Manhattanville Bus Depot located between West 132nd and West 133rd Streets (between Broadway and Twelfth Avenue). The Proposed Project assumes the Manhattanville Bus Depot would be rebuilt below grade at its present location. Alternatives, including the construction of new University facilities on top of the existing above-grade structure, will also be analyzed. In either event, operations would continue at that location.



MANHATTANVILLE IN WEST HARLEM REZONING AND ACADEMIC MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT

Figure 1 Project Location



NOTE The Subdistrict Boundaries correspond to the Proposed Zoning Subdistricts (see Figure 4)

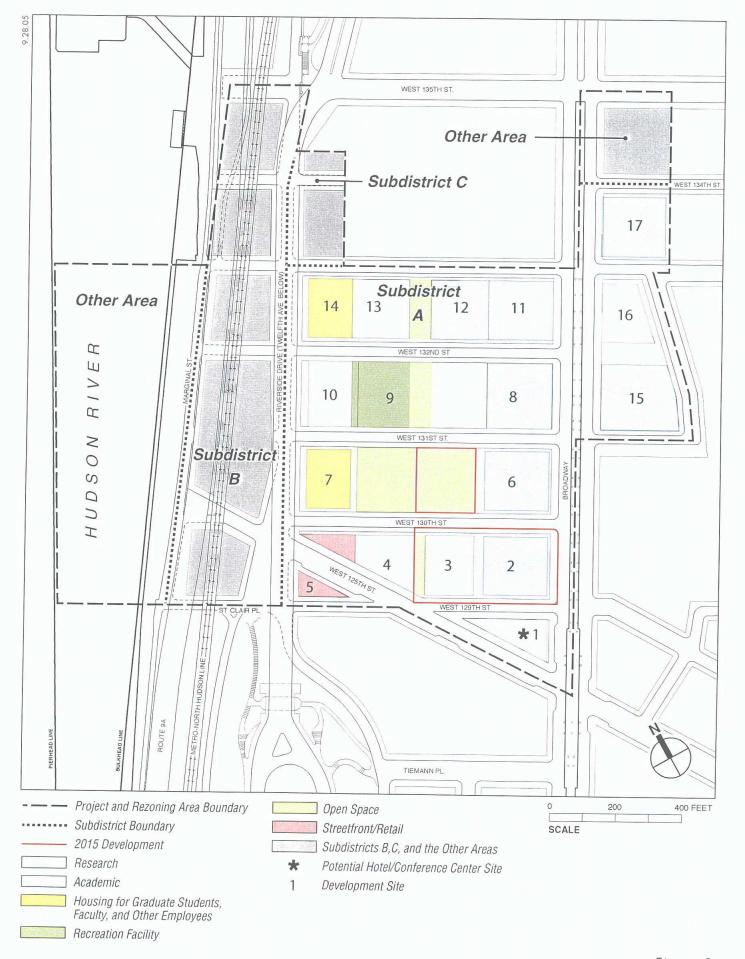


Table 1
Permitted Uses by Development Site

Development Site	Illustrative Plan Use	Alternate Use
1	Academic	Hotel/conference center
2	Research	_
3	Academic	-
4	Academic	University housing
5	Retail	_
6	Research	_
7	University housing	Academic
8	Research	Academic
9	Recreation	Research
10	Academic	Research
11	Research	Academic
12	Research	Academic
13	Academic	University housing
14	University housing	Academic
15	Research	Academic
16	Academic	Research
17	Research	University housing

In Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas, new uses and uses with greater densities may arise as a result of the proposed rezoning. Changes to the land use regulatory controls could allow subsequent future projects in Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas, as yet undefined, to be developed. Therefore, the EIS will also consider the reasonable worst-case development for the sites within Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas based on potential development characteristics.

The Proposed Actions are projected to stimulate approximately 210,270 square feet of residential use, 142,481 square feet of retail, 61,698 square feet of community facility space, and 54,808 square feet of office space in Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas. This total development is projected on nine development sites, as shown on Figure 4 and described in more detail on page 6b.

The Proposed Project would require a number of City and State approvals. Several of these are discretionary actions requiring review under CEQR and SEQRA. Others are ministerial and do not require environmental review; nonetheless, these are subject to review under each relevant agency's public mandate, as discussed below.

DISCRETIONARY ACTIONS SUBJECT TO CEQR AND SEQRA¹

NEW YORK CITY ACTIONS

The Proposed Project would require the following land use actions to permit the range of proposed uses, as follows:

 Zoning text amendment to establish a Special Manhattanville Mixed-Use Zoning District coterminous with the Project Area; and

Although still unknown, it is possible that Columbia may apply for financing assistance from City or State agencies at some time in the future. If that were to occur, these actions would be subject to CEQR or SEQRA, and such review would take place at that time each application was made

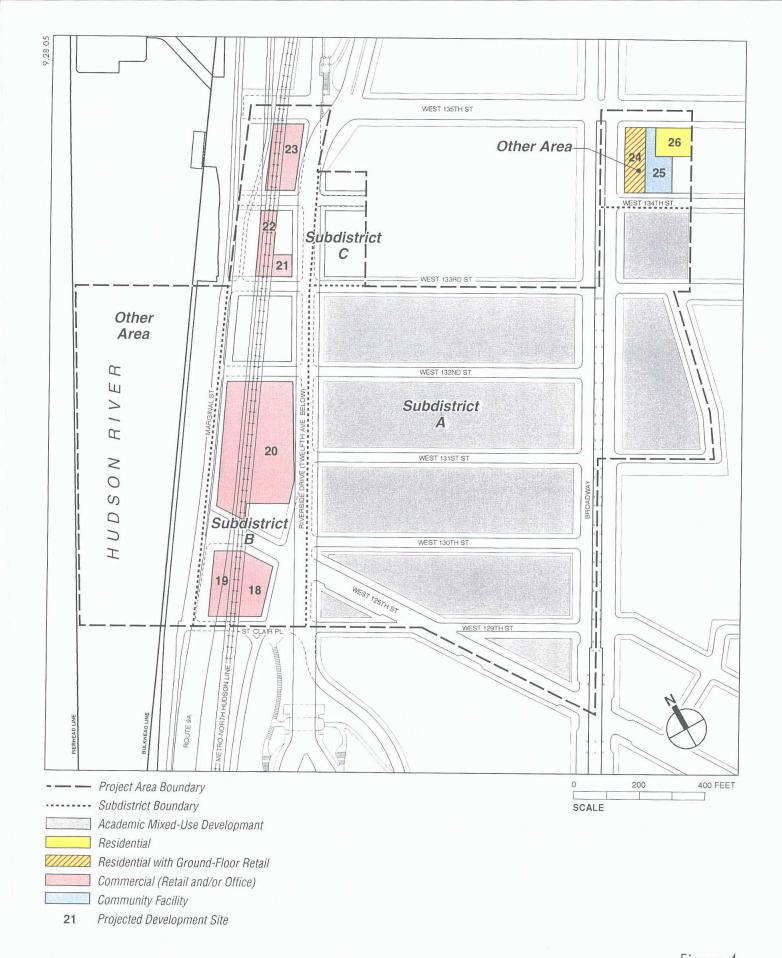


Figure 4
Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas:
Reasonable Worst-Case Development Scenarios

• Changes to zoning sectional maps 5c and 6a (1) to map a Special Manhattanville Mixed-Use Zoning District coterminous with the Project Area and (2) change underlying zoning districts, which are subject to the City's Uniform Land Use Review Procedure (ULURP).

NEW YORK STATE ACTIONS

- Adoption of a General Project Plan (GPP) by the New York State Urban Development Corporation
 (UDC) doing business as the Empire State Development Corporation (ESDC) and the making of
 related findings under the UDC Act, SEQRA, and the Eminent Domain Procedure Law (EDPL) to
 provide for ESDC's assistance to facilitate the acquisition of property below streets and possibly the
 assemblage of above-grade sites. These changes are discretionary in nature and would require
 consideration by and approval of the Directors of ESDC.
- New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) permit approval for construction and operation of on-site centralized steam and chilled water plants.
- If necessary, Metropolitan Transportation Authority/New York City Transit (MTA/NYCT) approval of the modification of the Manhattanville Bus Depot.
- Public Authorities Control Board approval of ESDC actions.

CITY AND STATE ACTIONS NOT SUBJECT TO CEQR OR SEQRA

- New York City Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) approval for an Amended Drainage Plan, a Private Drainage Proposal, and construction and operation of centralized steam and chilled water plants.
- New York City Department of Transportation (NYCDOT) possible approval for any changes to street directions, street treatment, or similar changes the local street network.
- NYCDOT, Bureau of Bridges approval to rebuild West 130th, West 131st, and possibly West 132nd Streets above the Academic Mixed-Use Development below-grade support facility.
- NYCDOT, Division of Franchises, Concessions, and Consents possible approval for revocable consents.

3c. DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE OF AND NEED FOR THE ACTION(S) AND APPROVAL(S)

The Proposed Actions seek to establish a new Special Manhattanville Mixed-Use Zoning District for an approximately 35-acre area, of which approximately 7 acres are underwater, in the Manhattanville section of West Harlem (the Project Area) to achieve two important goals:

- To facilitate the revitalization, improvement, and redevelopment of a portion of the Manhattanville section of West Harlem by allowing greater density and a wider variety of land uses, as recommended by the New York City Economic Development Corporation's (EDC) West Harlem 2002 Master Plan;
- To allow Columbia University to fulfill its role as a leading academic institution that makes a significant contribution to the economic, cultural, and intellectual vitality of New York City by enabling it to expand and modernize its facilities within a 17-acre Academic Mixed-Use area within the proposed 35-acre Special District.

In 2002, EDC released a study of the Manhattanville area in West Harlem area called the West Harlem Master Plan. The major objective of the Master Plan was to develop a cohesive plan for the economic development of West Harlem that enhances the character of the neighborhood and fulfills the vision of the community. To achieve these goals, the Master Plan developed a three-component process that begins with immediate improvements to the waterfront and over time encourages economic development of the upland. The third component calls for zoning changes to permit new uses compatible with the goals of the Master Plan and create a vibrant community. Specifically, the later components of the plan call for an upzoning of the area east of the waterfront to allow for a greater density and mix of uses, such as retail, commercial, research, institutional, and academic purposes, including lodging and administration. The proposed rezoning is intended to promote appropriate redevelopment adjacent to the waterfront, which reflects the recommendations in, and planning objectives of, the West Harlem Master Plan.

Columbia University faces significant physical space constraints. Currently, Columbia has less than half the square footage per student of peer institutions such as Yale, Harvard, and Princeton. In order to continue to attract the highest caliber students, serve the long-term economic and educational needs of the City and State, and ensure their continuance as engines of higher learning and economic development, it is necessary to ensure that Columbia maintains its status as a world-class academic and research institution. Since 1994, the University's space requirements have necessitated the development of approximately 1 million square feet every five years. However, there is not enough developable square footage within the existing Morningside Heights Campus or the nearby Columbia University Medical Center in Washington Heights, or through the development of any nearby University-owned properties, to accommodate the University's identified and pressing space needs. Because many of its buildings were constructed in the early 20th century, much of Columbia's existing space is inadequate for its current use, especially in science and research. Although the University has invested heavily in the improvement of these facilities through renovations, the size, configuration, and age of the buildings limits adaptive reuse as a solution to space needs and construction of new facilities has become critical. Columbia University's proposal for a major expansion into the Manhattanville area in West Harlem is a reflection of two of the institution's most important goals: to meet Columbia's urgent need for additional space in order to continue to fulfill its role as a leading academic institution; the other is a continuation of Columbia's commitment to the communities of upper Manhattan and its belief that this effort will bring civic, cultural, and economic benefits to the adjacent neighborhoods.

	9.	STATE ACTIONS/APPROVALS/FUNDING If "Yes," identify See page 1a	✓ Yes ☐ No	
	10.	FEDERAL ACTIONS/APPROVALS/FUNDING If "Yes," identify	☐ Yes ဩ No	
Action Type	11a.	I Inheted or IXI	6 NYCRR 617 4 and NYC Executive Order 91 of 1977, as amended) 61 (6) (iii); 617.4 (b) (6) (v);	7.4
	11b.	■ Localized action, site specific	action, change in regulatory control for small area	1013
Analysis Year	12.	Identify the analysis year (or build year) for the proposed action Would the proposal be implemented in a single phase? Anticipated period of construction Anticipated completion date N/A Would the proposal be implemented in multiple phases? Number of phases 2 Describe phases and construction schedule Phase 1: 6/	2015 and 2030 ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA ☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA /2006— 2/2015; Phase II: 12/2015–2030	
Directly Affected Area INDICATE LOCATION OF PROJECT SITE FOR ACTIONS INVOLVING A SINGLE SITE ONLY (PROVIDE ATTACHMENTS AS NECESSARY FOR	13a.	LOCATION OF PROJECT SITE See pages 2a and 2b, Tables 2 and 3 SIRELI ADDRESS Project Area: See Figures 1 and 2 DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY BY BOUNDING OR CROSS SIREETS	5c and 6a	
MULTIPLE SITES)		M1-1, M1-2, M2-3, M3-1		
		existing zoning district, including special zoning district See pages 2a and 2b, Tables 2 and 3, and Figure		
		TAY BI OCK AND LOT NUMBERS BOROW	UGH COMMUNITY DISTRICT NO	
	13b.	PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND SCALE OF PROJECT TOTAL CONTIGUOUS SQUARE FEET OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY PRO PROJECT SQUARE FEET TO BE DEVELOPED Academic M	DJECT SPONSOR 230,556 ¹ SQ FT lixed-Use Area (Subdistrict A): 736,326 ¹ SQ FT	
		IF THE ACTION IS AN EXPANSION, INDICATE PERCENT OF EXPANSION	NPROPOSED	
		IN THE NUMBER OF UNITS, SQ FT OR OTHER APPROPRIATE MEASURE		
		DIMENSIONS (IN FEET) OF LARGEST PROPOSED STRUCTURE. LINEAR FEET OF FRONTAGE ALONG A PUBLIC THOROUGHFARE	360 HEIGHT 200 WIDTH 315 LENGTH Broadway: 1,592; Old Broadway: 477; Twelfth Avenue: 678; 125th Street: 907; 129th Street: 9 130th Street: 1,550; 131st Street: 1,793; 132nd Street: 1,550; 133rd Street: 1,111; 134th Street: 214	76;
	13c.		OR TO AREAS THAT ARE SO EXTENSIVE THAT A SITE- ACTICABLE, DESCRIBE THE AREA LIKELY TO BE AFFECTE	D
	13d.	DOES THE PROPOSED ACTION INVOLVE CHANGES IN OR MORE SITES NOT ASSOCIATED WITH A SPECIFIC See page 2b, Table 3	N REGULATORY CONTROLS THAT WOULD AFFECT ONE DEVELOPMENT? Yes No	,
		STREET ADDRESS (Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas): See F DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY BY BOUNDING OR CROSS STREETS M1-1, M1-2, M2-1 EXISTING ZONING DISTRICT, INCLUDING SPECIAL ZONING DISTRIC	5c and 6a	<u> </u>
		See page 2b and Figure 7 Manhatta		
		TAX BLOCK AND LOT NUMBERS BOROUGH Non-University Rezoning Area (square feet)	COMMUNITY DISTRICT NO 793,730 ¹	
		LINEAR FEET OF FRONTAGE ALONG A PUBLIC THOROUGHFARE Bro	padway: 200; Twelfth Avenue: 1,130; Marginal 8; 132nd Street: 368; 133rd Street: 1,125; 134th	

¹ All areas are preliminary based on New York City Department of Finance's *Real Property Assessment Database* (RPAD). Final areas to be determined from a professional land survey.

Table 2
Location of Subdistrict A: Academic Mixed-Use Area

Lot	Street Address	Lot	Street Address			
	Otteet Address	Block 1997	Olivel Address			
Block 1986	2000 P	1	2200 Tuelth Avenue			
1	3260 Broadway	1	2289 Twelfth Avenue			
6	576 West 131st Street	6	641 West 130th Street			
10	555 West 131st Street	9	631 West 130th Street			
30	3270 Broadway	14	625 West 130th Street			
65	3280 Broadway	17	623 West 130th Street			
Block 1987		18	617 West 130th Street			
11	3300 Broadway	21	615 West 130th Street			
7	553 West 133rd Street	27	603 West 130th Street			
(partial) 9	547 West 133rd Street	29	3241 Broadway			
		30	3243 Broadway			
Block 1995		33	3249 Broadway			
31	3207 Broadway	34	3251 Broadway			
35	619 West 125th Street	40	604 West 131st Street			
Block 1996		44	614 West 131st Street			
1	41 St. Claire Place	47	620 West 131st Street			
14	637 West 125th Street	48	622 West 131st Street			
15	635 West 125th Street	49	624 West 131st Street			
16	633 West 125th Street	52	630 West 131st Street			
18	627 West 125th Street	55	636 West 131st Street			
20	623 West 125th Street	56	638 West 131st Street			
21	613 West 125th Street	61	2293 Twelfth Avenue			
23	603 West 129th Street	64	2291 Twelfth Avenue			
29	3221 Broadway					
34	3229 Broadway	Block 1998				
36	3233 Broadway	1	2301 Twelfth Avenue			
50	632 West 130th Street	3	2307 Twelfth Avenue			
56	651 West 125th Street	6	653 West 131st Street			
61	663 West 125th Street	10	641 West 131st Street			
Block 1999	- 30 032 033	13	635 West 131st Street			
1	2321 Twelfth Avenue	16	633 West 131st Street			
29	3281 Broadway	17	611 West 131st Street			
30	3283 Broadway	24	607 West 131st Street			
31	3285 Broadway	26	603 West 131st Street			
32	3287 Broadway	29	3259 Broadway			
33	3289 Broadway	38	602 West 132nd Street			
36	3291 Broadway	49	624 West 132nd Street			
30	5231 Dioauway	57	640 West 132nd Street			
						
		61	2311 Twelfth Avenue			

See also Figure 7

Table 3 Location of Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas

Lot		Street Address
Block 1988		
1	3320	Broadway
8		West 134th Street
(partial) 53	520	West 135th Street
60	534	West 135th Street
Block 2001		
1	2351	Twelfth Avenue
100	2331	Twelfth Avenue
110	2337	Twelfth Avenue
120	2341	Twelfth Avenue
Block 2004		
1		Marginal Street
8	712	West 125th Street
12	2276	Twelfth Avenue
40	2282	Twelfth Avenue
42	2286	Twelfth Avenue
46	2290	Twelfth Avenue
50		West 131st Street
56		Marginal Street
65	701	West 131st Street
68	2298	Twelfth Avenue
71	2302	Twelfth Avenue
72	2308	Twelfth Avenue
92		Marginal Street
102	2328	Twelfth Avenue
106	2338	Twelfth Avenue
171		West 132nd Street
Block 2005		
8		West 133rd Street
9		Twelfth Avenue
12	703	West 133rd Street
27		West 135th Street
32	2368	Twelfth Avenue

See also Figure 7

PART II, SITE AND ACTION DESCRIPTION

Site Description

EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE OTHERWISE INDICATED, ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS WITH REGARD TO THE DIRECTLY AFFECTED AREA THE DIRECTLY AFFECTED AREA CONSISTS OF THE PROJECT SITE AND THE AREA SUBJECT TO ANY CHANGE IN REGULATORY CONTROLS

GRAPHICS Please attach (1) a Sanborn or other land use map, (2) a zoning map; (3) a tax map. On each map, clearly show the boundaries of the directly affected area or areas and indicate a 400-foot radius drawn from the outer boundaries of the project site The maps should not exceed 8 1/2 x 14 inches in size

	See Figures 5, 6, and	7			
2.	PHYSICAL SETTING (both of	leveloped and undeve	loped areas)		
	Total directly affected area (sq	n) 1,	532,651*	Water surface area (sq. ft.)	300,000
	Roads, building and other paved	l surfaces (sq. ft.)	1,230,055	Other, describe (sq. ft.)	
	*Project Area includ the Other Areas (whi				sf Subdistricts B, C, and
3.	PRESENT LAND USE				
	Source: New York City	Department of	Finance's Real Pro	operty Assessment Database	(RPAD), LotInfo 2003
	Total no of dwelling units	165	5*	No of low-to-moderate income u	mits 115 (estimated**)
	No of stories	4–6		Gross floor area (sq. ft.)	+129,360
	Commercial Retail No of bldgs Office No of bldgs Other No of bldgs Specify type(s) Restaurants, supermarket.	19	Gross floor area of ea Gross floor area of ea Gross floor area of ea No of stories and he	nch building (sq. ft.)	+213,080 (total) +184,040 (total)
	Manufacturing/Industrial	, personal service			
	No of bldgs	53		Gross floor area of each building (so	+1,250,460 (total)
	No of stories and height of each	building	1–14		
	Types of use(s) Automotive service, g manufacturing, whole If any unenclosed activities, spec Gas stations and misc Community facility	esale and distri	ibution. age yards	e, Open storage area (sq. ft)
	i ype of community facility U I	iui ciies, iieaitii	carc, and comm	unity set vice centers.	
	No of bldgs	turenes, nearth 5	icare, and comin	Gross floor area of each building	eg (sq. ft.) +110,125 (total)

Is there any vacant land in the directly affected area? If yes, describe briefly Approximately 112,660 sf of vacant land is located in the Project Area, the majority of which is located west of Twelfth Avenue

Publicly accessible open space Is there any existing publicly accessible open space in the directly affected area?

Yes X

×

No

Nο

The City intends to build a new waterfront park, West Harlem Waterfront park, in the Project Area. Construction of the park is anticipated in 2006. Does the directly affected area include any mapped City. State or Federal parkland? X Yes No

Does the directly affected area include any mapped or otherwise known wetland? If yes, describe briefly

 \boxtimes

Yes

Yes

Other Land Use

Transportation and utility No of stories

Gross floor area (sq. ft.)

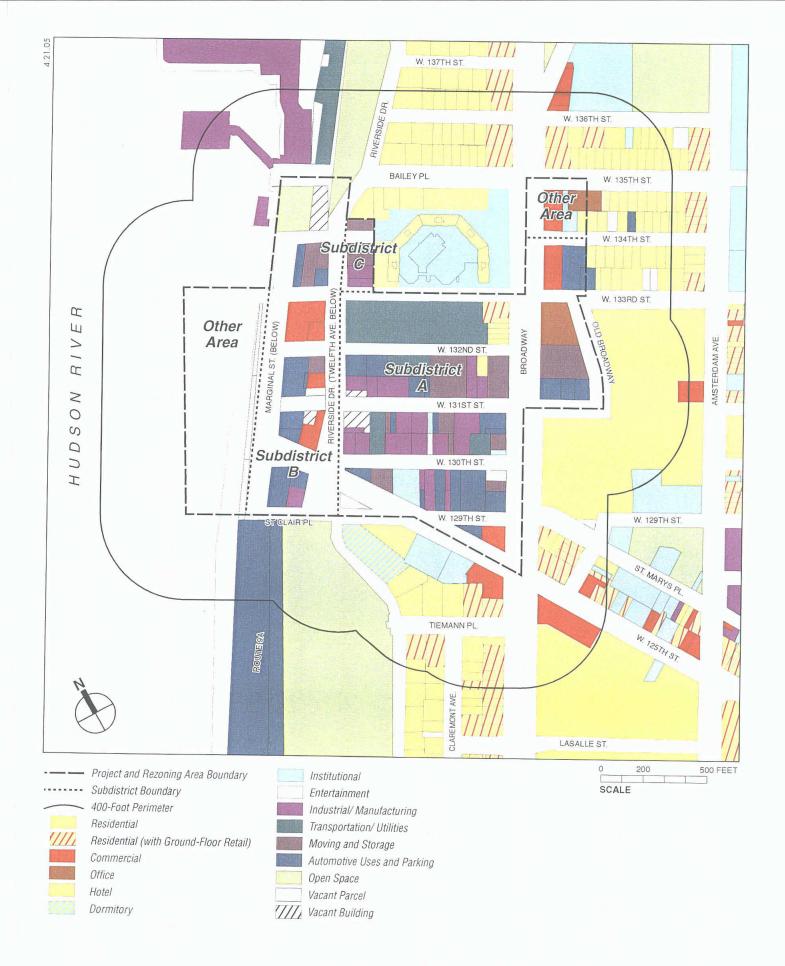
+341,690 (total)

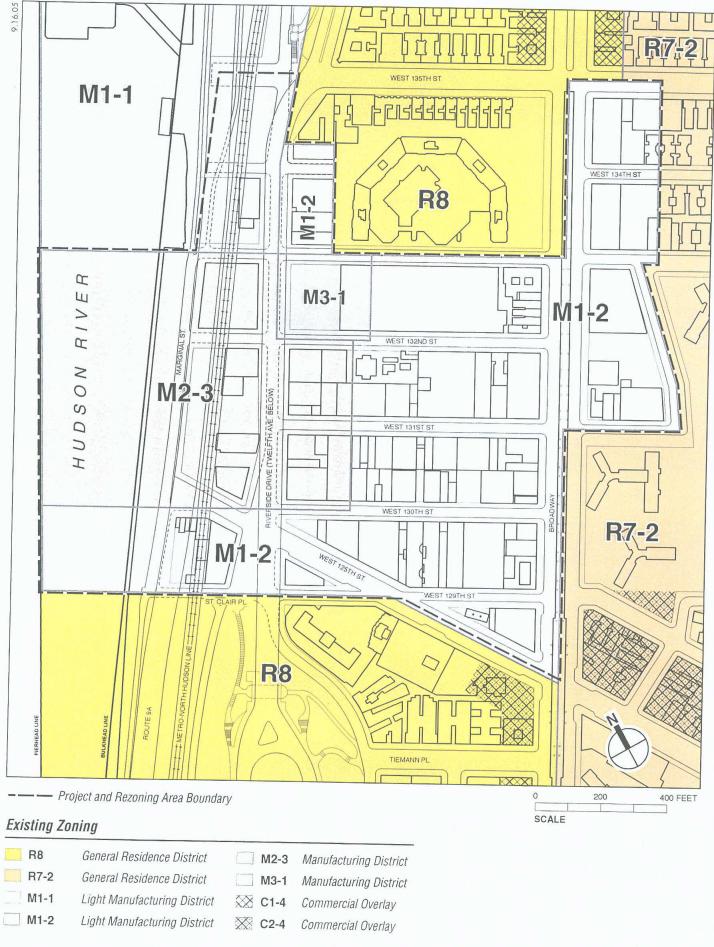
Type of use(s)

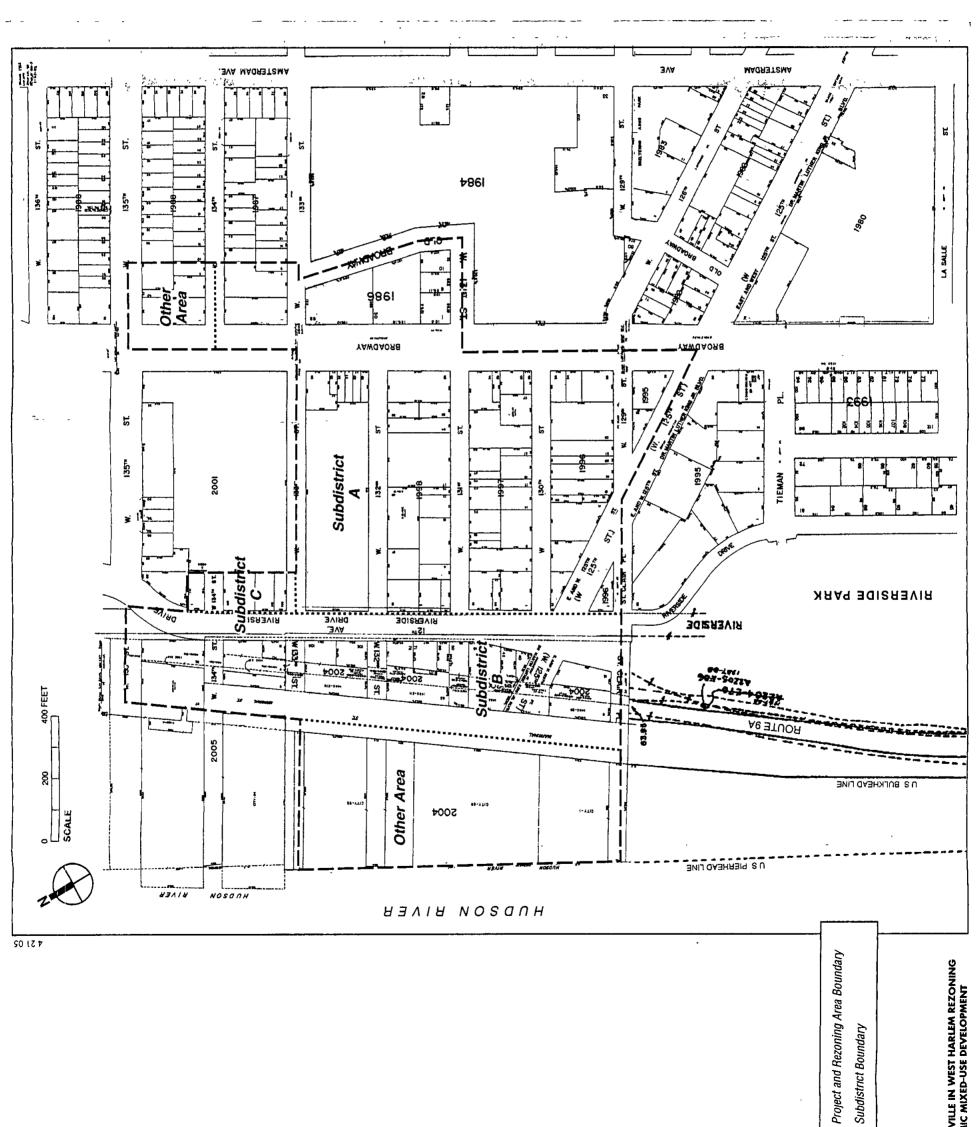
Vacant Land

If yes, describe briefly

MTA Manhattanville Bus Depot, MTA/NYCT service facility, and Con Edison cooling station







MANHATTANVILLE IN WEST HARLEM REZONING AND ACADEMIC MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT

Subdistrict Boundary

		<u>Garages</u>				
		No of public spaces +879 No of accessory space	es .		374	
		Operating hours 24 hours or range 6am-midnight Attended or non-attendance.	ded?	J	Both	
		Lots No of public spaces +160 No of accessory space	es		0	
		Operating hours 24 hours Attended or non-atten	-		3oth	
		Other (including street parking) – please specify and provide same data as for lots and garages, as appropriate			, O(1)	
		Source: April 2004 survey of parking facilities				
	5.	EXISTING STORAGE TANKS				
		Gas or service station? 🗵 Yes 🗌 No Oil storage facility? 🔲 Yes 🗍 No Othe	r ^o 🗌	Yes		No
		If yes, specify To be determined				
		Number and size of tanks To be determined Last NYFD inspection date	To be	deter	min	ed
		Location and depth of tanks To be determined			•	
	6.	CURRENT USERS				
		NO OFFICERIES NO and type of dustnesses	oving a tomotiv		_	-
		No and type of workers by business 1,600 total** No and type of non-residents who are not	workers		0	
SEE CEOR	_	* based on 140 units in census tract 219, block group 4, with 2.33 average household size and 25 ut block group 1, block 1003, with 3.62 average household size (household size from 2000 Census) ** based on employment survey for Academic Mixed-Use Area and the following employment fact and the Other Areas: 1/250 sf office, 1/400 sf retail, 1/450 sf community facility, and 1/1,000 sf industrials.	tors for			
SEE CEUR TECHNICAL MANUAL CHAPTER HI F, HISTORIC RESOURCES	7.	HISTORIC RESOURCES (ARCHITECTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES) Answer the following two questions with regard to the directly affected areas, lots abutting that area, lots along the same street from the same blockfront, and, where the directly affected area includes a corner lot, lots which front on the same s Do any of the areas listed above contain any improvement, interior landscape feature, aggregate of landscape of landscape resource that	treet inters	ection		
		(a) has been designated (or is calendared for consideration as) a New York City Landmark, Interior Landmark or S	icenic Lan	dmark, \	'ES	
		(b) is within a designated New York City Historic District, NO				
		(c) has been listed on, or determined eligible for, the New York State or National Register of Historic Places, YE	S			
		(d) is within a New York State or National Register Historic District, or NO				
		(e) has been recommended by the New York State Board for listing on the New York State or National Register of Identify any resource	Historic F	laces? N	0	
		The IRT Manhattan Valley Viaduct (State and National Register of Historic P City Landmark) on Broadway, the 125th Street IRT Subway Station at Broadw (State and National Register of Historic Places), and the former Sheffield F: Broadway (recommended by the New York State Board for listing on the New Y Do any of the areas listed in the introductory paragraph above contain any historic or archaeological resource, other than to previous question? Identify any resource To be determined during the EIS process	way and arms S 'ork St	d 125t Stable ate Re	h St at 3 giste	reet 3229 er).
SEE CEQR	8.	WATERFRONT REVITALIZATION PROGRAM				
TECHNICAL MANUAL CHAPTER III K ,		is any part of the directly affected area within the City's Waterfront Revitalization Program boundaries?	×	Yes		No
WATERFRONT REVITALIZATION		(A map of the boundaries can be obtained at the Department of City Planning bookstore)				• • •
PROGRAM		If yes, append a map showing the directly affected area as it relates to such boundaries. A map requested in other parts of See Figure 8 and Appendix A	this form :	nay be us	ed	
Project	9.	CONSTRUCTION				
Description	,	Will the action result in demolition of or significant physical alteration to any improvement?	×	Yes		No
THIS SUBPART SHOULD GENERALLY BE COMPLETED ONLY IF YOUR ACTION INCLUDES A SPECIFIC OR KNOWN DEVELOPMENT AT PARTICULAR LOCATIONS		If yes, describe briefly To be determined during the EIS process		163		No
		Will the action involve either above-ground construction resulting in any ground disturbance or in-ground construction?	\boxtimes	Yes		No
		If yes, describe briefly				
		The proposed Academic Mixed-Use Development would involve both above- and construction.	below	-groui	nd	

4.

EXISTING PARKING

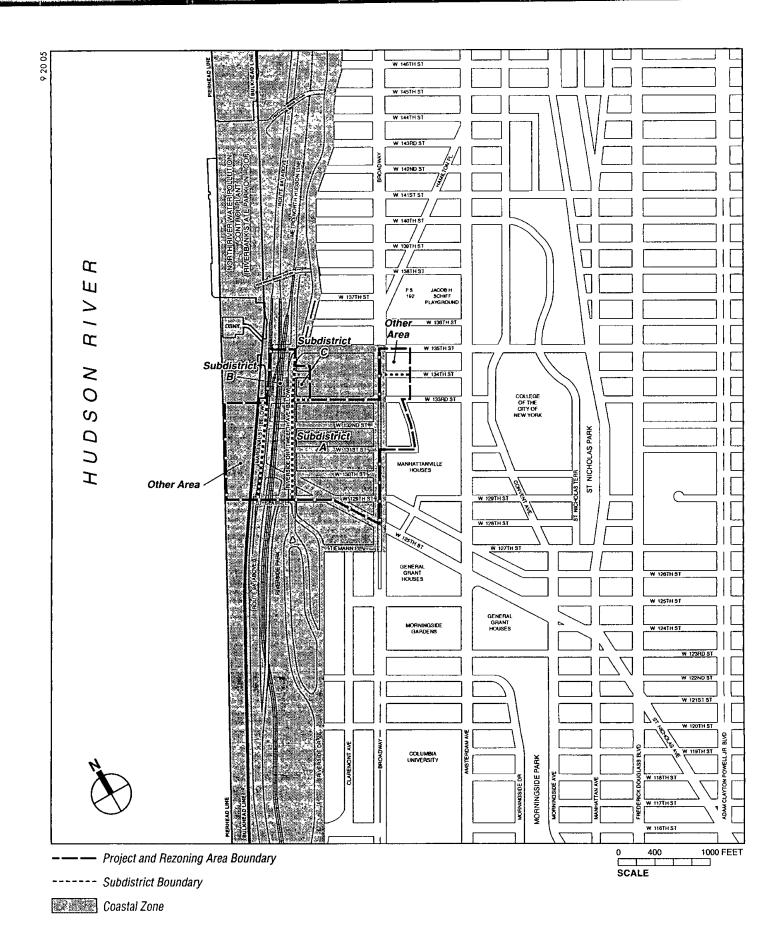


Figure 8
Waterfront Revitalization Program:
Coastal Zone Boundary

described on pa Residential Total no of dwelling u	nits ?	No of low-to-moderate income units		Gross floor area (sq. f	1) Coomana 5
total no of awening u	mes t	to or low-to-moderate meonic units	·	Bross noor area (sq. r	See pages 5 and 5c
No of stones					
Describe type of reside	ntial structures				
<u>Commercial</u> See pa Retail No of bldgs	ges 5b and 5c, T	ables 5 and 6 Gross floor area of each 1	ouilding (sq. ft.)		
Office No of bldgs		Gross floor area of each l	ouilding (sq. ft.)		
Other No of bldgs		Gross floor area of each l	ouilding (sq. ft.)		
		No of stories and height	of each building		
Manufacturing/Industri No of bldgs	al None	Gross floor area of each l	ouilding (sq. ft.)		
No of stones and heigh	nt of each building				
Type of use(s)			Open stora	ige area (sq. ft.)	
If any unenclosed activ	ities, specify				
Community facility Se Type of community fac		5c, Tables 5 and 6			
No of bldgs		Gross floor area of each t	ouilding (sq. ft.)		
No of stories and heigh	nt of each building				
reasonable wor	st-case developm	edeveloped as part of the nent scenario for Subdis			
Publicly accessible ope is there any publicly ac if yes, describe briefly	<u>n space</u> cessible open space to be	removed or attached?		☐ Yes	⊠ No
	open space to be added?	,		⊠ Yes	□ No
f yes, describe briefly	50 000 t- 70 00	10 amusus foot of		whilele access	:
		0 square feet of priva mic Mixed-Use Develop		ubliciy accessi	готе орен ѕрас с
Other Land Use		Gr	oss floor area (sq. ft.)		
lo of stories					
Fype of use(s) PROPOSED PARKIN	G				
No of stories Type of use(s) PROPOSED PARKIN Garages		,	of non		
ype of use(s) PROPOSED PARKIN iarages to of public spaces	0 (all accessor	<u>J)</u>	of accessory spaces		5–2,900 spaces
No of stories Type of use(s) PROPOSED PARKIN		<u>J)</u>	of accessory spaces		5–2,900 spaces tentially both
No of stories Type of use(s) PROPOSED PARKIN Garages No of public spaces Operating hours	0 (all accessor 24 hours	Att			
ype of use(s) PROPOSED PARKIN Garages To of public spaces Operating hours	0 (all accessor	Ati			

10.

11.

ILLUSTRATIVE PLAN

An Illustrative Plan has been developed to describe the proposed development within the Academic Mixed-Use Area detailed on page 1a (see Figure 3). While the Illustrative Plan represents Columbia's current proposal for the Academic Mixed-Use Area, Columbia's plans may evolve over several decades and may change. Since development would be incremental, two analysis years—2015 and 2030—have been selected to assess build-out of Columbia's proposed development. As currently contemplated by Columbia, two new buildings, one research and one academic, would be developed by 2015 on the north side of West 125th Street under the Illustrative Plan. By 2030, the remainder of the Academic Mixed-Use Area would be developed for a total of 6.8 million gsf (see Tables 4 and 5)

As part of the Illustrative Plan, the EIS will assume that the Manhattanville Bus Depot would be rebuilt below grade at its present location. Alternatives, including the construction of new University facilities on top of the existing above-grade structure, will also be analyzed. In either event, operations would continue at that location.

Therefore, for EIS purposes, maximum and minimum ranges of floor area have been developed for each component of the Academic Mixed-Use Area, and these ranges have been used to establish a "reasonable worst-case development scenario" for analysis in the EIS, as described below. Both the Illustrative Plan and reasonable worst-case development scenarios adhere to the project's design principles and would conform to the proposed zoning in Subdistrict A.

REASONABLE WORST-CASE DEVELOPMENT SCENARIO

As described above, the Illustrative Plan is Columbia's current proposal for its future development. It is possible that as the Academic Mixed-Use Area develops over time, the plan would change. In order to allow for a degree of flexibility in Columbia's future development, while at the same time ensuring that future development is consistent with the analyses in the EIS, the GPP would establish minimum and maximum floor areas for each potential land use component (see Table 6). Because of the possibility that the actual development would differ from the Illustrative Plan, the reasonable worst-case development scenario for Subdistrict A is not necessarily the same as the Illustrative Plan.

In order to provide a conservative analysis of the potential impacts of the development of the Academic Mixed-Use Area, the EIS will analyze a "reasonable worst-case development scenario" (see Table 7) that is derived from the Illustrative Plan, but modified in two ways. One difference is that although Columbia currently contemplates developing two new buildings (Sites 2 and 3) by 2015 under the Illustrative Plan, the reasonable worst-case development scenario for the EIS will conservatively assume development of four new buildings by 2015 (Sites 1–4). The difference in 2015 between the Illustrative Plan and the reasonable worst-case development scenario, Sites 1 and 4, is approximately 335,356 gsf. In addition, for both analysis years, several categories of technical analysis will be analyzed using maximum and minimum floor areas and heights derived from alternative permitted uses set forth on Table 1 where such uses would have impacts greater than those that would be created under the Illustrative Plan. The EIS Draft Scope of Work describes in more detail how the reasonable worst-case scenario would differ from the Illustrative Plan in the various impact categories (e.g., on traffic and parking, air quality, etc).

Table 4

	Block				_		?
2015 De		Lot	Existing Uses	Area	FA (GSF)	Proposed Uses	GSF ²
	velopme	nt Sites					
2	1996	23, 29,34,36	Gas station, parking, storage, vacant	43,574	37,748	Research	329,40
3	1996	15,16,18,20, 21,50	Auto repair, industrial	38,404	80,668	Academic	247,03
Below-ç	grade con						
	h support						72,60
		and chilled v					35,47
Mechan	ical/circula	ation/loading	facilities				173,92
Storage							98,36
2015 To	tal			206,044	502,538		956,81
2030 De	velopme	nt Sites					
1		31, 35	Restaurant and gas station	17,849	13,998	Academic	138,48
			Auto, storage, community				
4		14, 56, 61	facility	36,217	105,850	Academic	222,87
5	1996		Commercial	6,297	3,685	Commercial	10,491
6	1997	27,29,30,33, 34,40	Utility, auto, storage, church, industrial	45,035	150,240	Research	329,400
						Faculty, graduate,	
		ļ				student, and other employee	
7	1007	1, 6, 61, 64	Transportation, industrial	39,835	61,573	housing	351,944
8		24,26,29,38	Industrial, residential, storage	41,824	126,764	Research	336,563
			Industrial, parking				
9	1998	10,13,49	garage, utility	40,078	33,666	Recreation	233,880
10	1998	1,3,6,10,57,	Industrial, auto, parking, commercial vacant building	37,967	50,080	Academic	294,151
- 10	1330		Residential,	07,007	00,000		201,101
11	1999	2,33,36,	transportation	42,193	90,618	Research	320,350
12	1999	1	Transportation	37,195	318000	Research	258,329
13	1999	1	Transportation	36,490		Academic	282,570
						Faculty, graduate, student, and other employee	
14	1999		Transportation	38,993		housing	389,384
15		1,6,10,30	Auto, storage	49,491	42,716	Research	414,599
16	1986		Office	38,518 41,366	228,000 103,000	Academic Research	207,718 367,200
17 Dolow o		1,7,9	Commercial, auto	41,300	103,000	Research	507,200
	grade con						269,98
	h support	ring center					110,32
		and chilled v	vater plants		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		23,25
Centraliz Parking	Leu Stealli	and crimed (rater plants				905,54
	ical/circula	ition/loading	facilities				306,75
Storage	carcii cula	itionnoaumy	iaciiites				100,81
	15-2030			530,282	1,280,410		5,874,61
Total all				736,326	1,782,948		6,831,42
Note:	31103			. 55,526	.,. 02,0 10		-,,,,,,,,

Table 5
Subdistrict A: Illustrative Plan by Development Site (in GSF)

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	evelopment site (,
Site #*	Academic	Research	Housing	Recreation	Active Ground Floor Uses	Total
2015 Development Sites						
2		318,900			10,500	329,400
3	206,613				40,425	247,038
	•				2015 Total Above Grade	576,438
Below-Grade Componer	its					·
Research support		72,608				72,608
Centralized steam and chi	lled water plants					35,475
Mechanical/circulation/loa						173,928
Storage						98,363
					2015 Total Below Grade	380,374
2015 Total	206,613	391,508	0	0	50,925	956,812
2030 Development Sites		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1	126,986				11,500	138,486
4	208,370				14,500	222,870
5					10,491	10,491
6	i	318,900			10,500	329,400
7			344,244		7,700	351,944
8		328,863			7,700	336,563
9				233,880		309,195
10	286,451				7,700	294,151
11		309,850			10,500	320,350
12	. — . — .	258,329				258,329
13	282,570					282,570
14	,		381,684		7,700	389,384
15		404,099			10,500	414,599
16	207,718				\(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \cdo	207,718
17		356,700			10,500	367,200
i					2030 Total Above Grade	4,157,935
Below-Grade Component	5					
Research support		269,985				269,985
Swimming and diving center	er			110,324		110,324
Centralized steam and chil		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				23,257
Parking	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·				905,544
Mechanical/circulation/load	ing facilities					306,753
Storage	y					100,815
				2015	-2030 Total Below Grade	1,716,678
2015-2030 Total	1,112,095	2,246,726	725,928	344,204	109,291	5,874,613
All Sites Above Grade		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			4,734,373
All Sites Below Grade						2,097,052
Total All Sites	1,318,708	2,638,234	725,928	344,204	160,216	6,831,425
Note: * Site reference			·			

Table 6
Subdistrict A: 2015 and 2030 Maximum and Minimum Proposed
Academic Mixed-Use Development

	Maximum GSF		Maximum	Minimum GSF		Minimum	
Use	2015	2030	Height (ft.) 5	2015	2030	Height (ft.)	
Community Facility							
Research	391,508 ²	3,600,000 ³	320	391,508	1,300,000	100	
General or other academic	541,969	2,900,000	320	206,613	1,000,00	100	
Housing for graduate students, faculty, and other employees	208,370	1,300,000	300	0	350,000	210	
Recreation ⁴		350,000	230		0	85	
Commercial							
Active ground-floor uses	225,000	600,000	40	36,500	130,000	20	
Hotel	126,986	300,000	250	0	0	160	
Support							
Parking, loading, and service	0	905,544	,	0	905,544		
Centralized steam and chilled water plants	35,475	58,732		35,475	58,732		

Notes:

Maximum academic uses would not occur with maximum housing for graduate students, faculty, and other employees

Maximum zoning floor area within the Academic Mixed-Use Subdistrict is 4,417,956 square feet (6.0 FAR equivalent), estimated maximum gross floor area is 6.8 million square feet

- ² The total gsf for research includes 72,608 gsf of below-grade support facilities
- The total gsf for research includes 342,593 gsf of below-grade support facilities
- The total gsf for recreation includes 110,324 sf for the below-grade swimming and diving center

Heights include mechanical space

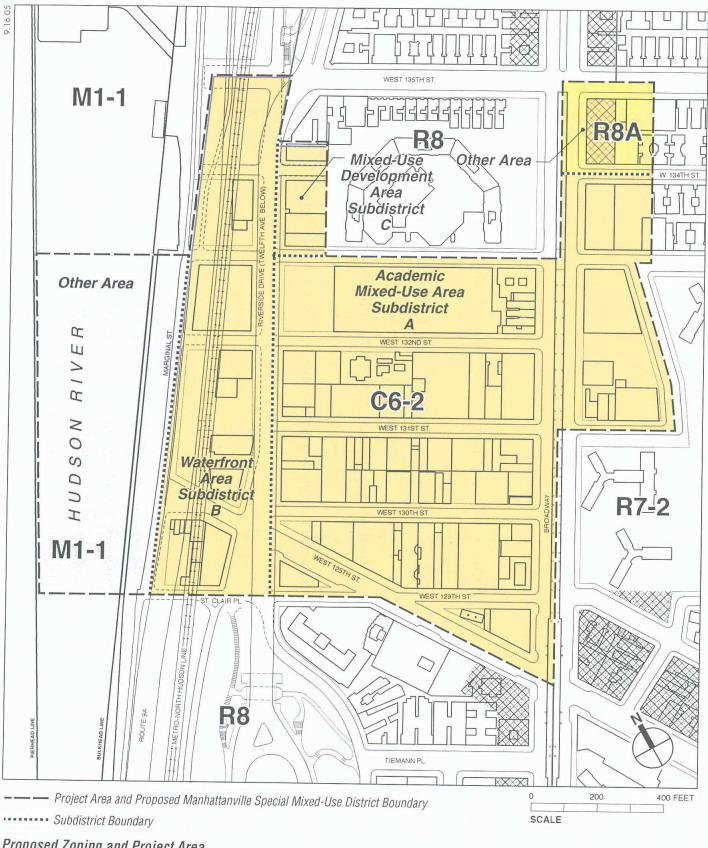
Table 7
Project Area Reasonable Worst-Case Development Scenario

Proposed Manhattanville Mixed-Use Zoning Subdistrict	2015 (Gross Square Feet)	2030 (Gross Square Feet)
Subdistrict A		
Community Facility Uses		
Research	391,508 ¹	2,638,234 ²
General or other academic	541,969 ³	1,318,708 ⁴
Housing for graduate students, faculty, and other		
employees	0	725,928
Recreation		344,204 ⁴
Commercial Uses		
Active ground-floor uses	76,925	160,216
Support Uses		
Parking	0	905,544
Centralized steam and chilled water plants	35,475	58,732
Mechanical/circulation/loading facilities	173,928	480,681
Storage	98,363	199,178
Subtotal	1,318,168	6,831,425
Subdistrict B		
Commercial Uses		
Retail	124,496	124,496
Office	54,808	54,808
Subtotal	179,304	179,304
Subdistrict C ⁵ Subtotal	0	0
Other Areas		
Residential (232 units)	210,270	210,270
Retail	17,985	17,985
Community facility	61,698	61,698
Subtotal	289,953	289,953
Total	1,462,052	7,300,682

Notes:

- 1 The total gsf for research includes 72,608 gsf of below-grade support facilities
- 2 The total gsf includes 342,593 gsf of below-grade support facilities
- 3 The reasonable worst-case development scenario assumes the development of Sites 1-4 by 2015. Compared with the Illustrative Plan, this includes an additional 335,356 gsf of academic space on Sites 1 and 4.
 - The total gsf for recreation includes 110,324 gsf for the below-grade swimming and diving center
- 5 There are no projected development sites in Subdistrict C

	12.	PROPOSED STORAGE TANKS Gas or storage stations?
		Number and size of tanks To be determined Location and depth of tanks To be determined
	13.	PROPOSED USERS No of residents 450- 2,000* No and type of businesses? Columbia and other business employees
		No and type of workers by businesses 8,600- 9,500 No and type of non-residents who are not workers 3,000- 4,600**
	14.	* Housing for graduate students, faculty, and other employees ** Average daily visitors/students during regular academic session (approximately September-May) HISTORIC RESOURCES (ARCHITECTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES) Will the action affect any architectural or archaeological resource identified in response to either of the two questions at number 7 in the Site Description section of the form? Yes No
		If yes, describe briefly To be determined in the EIS process
SEE CEQR TECHNICAL MANUAL CHAPTER III B., SOCIOECONOMIC CONDITIONS	15.	DIRECT DISPLACEMENT Will the action directly displace specific businesses or affordable and/or low income residential units? Yes No lf yes, describe briefly
SEE CEQR TECHNICAL MANUAL	16.	Over time, the Academic Mixed-Use Development would eventually displace all the existing businesses in the Academic Mixed-Use Area. The Academic Mixed-Use Development would displace and relocate a total of 140 residential units, of which approximately 115 are estimated to be low-income units. COMMUNITY FACILITIES
CHAPTER III C, COMMUNITY FACILITIES & SERVICES		Will the action directly eliminate, displace, or alter public or publicly funded community facilities such as educational facilities, libraries, hospitals, and other health care facilities, day care centers, police stations, or fire stations? Yes No lf yes, describe briefly
Zoning Information	17.	What is the zoning classification(s) of the directly affected area? M1-1, M1-2, M2-3, M3-1 (see Figure 6)
	18.	What is the maximum amount of floor area that can be developed in the directly affected area under the present zoning? Describe in terms of bulk for each use See page 6a, Table 8
	19.	What is the proposed zoning of the directly affected area? M1-1, C6-2, R8A, R8A/C1-4 Overlay (see Figure 9) Special Manhattanville Mixed-Use District
	20.	What is the maximum amount of floor area that could be developed in the directly affected area under the proposed zoning? Describe in terms of bulk for each use See page 6a, Table 9
	21.	What are the predominant land uses and zoning classifications within a 1/2-mile radius of the proposed action? Predominant Land Uses — residential, neighborhood retail, community facilities and institutional uses, open space, industrial and transportation uses, and small areas of commercial uses (see Figure 5) Predominant Zoning — M1-1, M1-2, M2-3, M3-1, R8, R8/C2-4 Overlay, R8/C1-4 Overlay, R7-2, R7-2/C1-4 Overlay, R7-2/C2-4 Overlay (see Figure 6)
Additional Information	22.	Attach any additional information as may be needed to describe the action. If your action involves changes in regulatory controls that affect one or more sites not associated with a specific development, it is generally appropriate to include here one or more reasonable development scenarios for such sites and, to the extent possible, to provide information about such scenario(s) similar to that requested in the Project Description questions 9 through 16 See page 6b, Table 10



Proposed Zoning and Project Area

R8A General Residence District C1-4 Commercial Overlay M1-1 Light Manufacturing District

C6-2 Commercial District

Table 8
Maximum Allowable Development Permitted by Present Zoning

		C	ommercial]	Residential	Com	munity Facility
Proposed Special Manhattanville Mixed-Use District	Approximate Land Area (sq ft)	FAR ¹	Total Maximum Allowable Zoning Square Feet	FAR ¹	Total Maximum Allowable Zoning Square Feet	FAR ¹	Total Maximum Allowable Zoning Square Feet
Subdistrict A							
M1-2	606,434	2.0	1,212,868	N/A	N/A	4.8	2,910,883
M2-3	79,932	20	159,864	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
M3-1	49,960	2.0	99,920	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subdistrict B							
M1-1	61,366	1.0	61,366	N/A	N/A	2.4	147,278
M1-2	30,946	2.0	61,892	N/A	N/A	4.8	148,541
M2-3	233,688	2.0	467,376	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subdistrict C							
M1-2	30,455	20	60,910	N/A	N/A	4.8	146,184
Other Areas							
M1-2	137,740	2.0	275,480	N/A	N/A	4.8	661,152
M2-3	302,130	2.0	604,260	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1 Exclusive of any applicable bonuses.

2. Applies to manufacturing and commercial uses.

Source: New York City Zoning Resolution

Table 9
Maximum Allowable Development Permitted by Proposed Zoning

		C	ommercial		Residential	Community Facility	
Proposed Special Manhattanville Mixed-Use District	Approximate Land Area (sq ft)	FAR ¹	Total Maximum Allowable Zoning Square Feet	FAR ¹	Total Maximum Allowable Zoning Square Feet	FAR ¹	Total Maximum Allowable Zoning Square Feet
Subdistrict A (C6-2) ²	736,326	6.0	4,417,956	3.44	2,532,961	6.0	4,417,956
Subdistrict B (C6-2) ³	326,000	20	652,000	N/A	N/A	2.0	652,000
Subdistrict C (C6-2)	30,455	6.0	182,730	6.02	183,339	6.0	182,730
Other Areas R8A/C1-4 Overlay	29,775	2.0 ⁴	59,549	6.02	179,244	6.5	193,535
R8A	11,790	N/A	N/A	6.02	70,976	6.5	76,635
M1-1	398,305	1.0 ⁵	383,065	N/A	N/A	2.4	919,356

Notes

1 Exclusive of any applicable bonuses

4 Maximum 1.0 FAR for commercial uses in the base of a residential building.

Applies to manufacturing and commercial uses.

Sources: New York City Zoning Resolution

Proposed Subdistrict A would have a C6-2 underlying zoning. However, it would have a maximum 3 44 FAR for residential uses, which is below the 6 02 FAR maximum for residential use in C6-2 districts.

³ Proposed Subdistrict B would have a C6-2 underlying zoning. However, it would have a maximum 2 0 FAR for commercial and community facility uses and prohibit residential uses.

Table 10

Subdistricts B. C. and the Other Areas: Reasonable Worst-Case Develonment Scenario

	0 000	20100			1000					Subdis	stricts B, C, a	nd the Oth	er Areas: K	Subdistricts B, C, and the Other Areas: Reasonable Worst-Case Development Scenario
	Site Description	Dilon			Existing	او					Potential			
Site	Block	Lot		Existing	<u>=</u>	Built	Permitted	Permitted	Proposed Zoning	Permitted	Floor Area	Floor Area	Incremental	
Ref	Lot(s)	Area ²	Existing Use			FAR	ΑĀ	FAR	District	FAR	By Use (SF)	Total (SF)	(SF)	Comments
Propos	Proposed Subdistrict B	trict B												
,	0000	42 406	Wholesale,		000 10		24.900	Ċ			12,196 office	00.80		
0	2004 12	14,130	ממוס ופחפוי	7-110	750,47	2 2	24,332	2.0	Z-0 0.5	0.2	2 0 12, 136 (Etall	750,47	00	U U Redeveluped as Illist itodi tetati, secolid itodi onice
- 61	19 2004 8	18,750	Warehouse, 18,750 parking	M1-2	563	0 03	37,500	2 0	2 0 C6-2	20	2 0 18,750 retail	18,750	18,188	Only enough clearance under highway overpass for 18,188 one-story retail
														Lot Area 35,000 sf east of highway overpass and
	2004 46,		Commencal,						_					39,800 sf under highway overpass Redeveloped as
	50, 65, 68,		warehouse,								74,500 retail			first floor retail and second floor office east of overpass
8	20 71, 72, 171	74,800	74,800 and vacant lots M2-3	M2-3	26,180	0 35	149,600	2.0	2 0 C6-2	20	2 0 35,000 office	109,800	83,620	83,620 and one-story retail west of overpass
21	21 2005 12	4,312	4,312 Auto repair	M1-1	4,312	10	4,312		1 0 C6-2	20	4,312 retail 2 0 4,312 office	8,624	4,312	4,312 Redeveloped as first floor retail and second floor office
			Storage,											Existing storage building to remain. Vacant area below
22	22 2005 9	17,125	17,125 vacant	M1-1	17,960	10	17,125	10	1 0 C6-2	20	2 0 11,138 retail	11,138	-6,822	-6,822 overpass redeveloped as one-story retail (17,960 sf)
														Lot Area 3,300 sf east of highway overpass Redeveloped as first floor retail and second floor office
			Warehouse											Low headroom and lack of access to develop under
			with billboard						_					highway overpass Existing warehouse would not
		-	and vacant								3,300 retail	,		expand since needed for billboard to advertise along
23	2005 32	15,670 areas	areas	M1-1	3,000	0 2	15,670		1 0 C6-2	20	2 0 3,300 office	6,600	3,600	3,600 highway
		Subtotal			76,407		248,599					179,304	102,898	
Other,	Other Area East of Broadway	f Broadwa	Λı											
			Grocery store,			-			4		17,985 retail			
24	24 1988 1	17,985	17,985 storage	M1-2	42,120	23	35,970	20	2 0 overlay	1 0 Comm	121,451 res	139,436	97,316	97,316 Redeveloped as residential with ground floor retail
										6 5 Com	61,698			Health center associated with New York-Presbyterian
25	25 1988 60	9,492	9,492 Health Center	M1-2	18.829	2 0	18.984	2.0	2 0 R8A	Fac, 602 Res	community	61.698	42.869	which has long term lease. Could potentially expand in 42.869 size to maximum 6.5 EAR for community facility uses.
											,			Eastern portion of lot is developed to 3.44 FAR for residential use in the existing R7-2 district and western
														portion of the lot is developed to 6.02 FAR for residential use in the proposed R8A district. Use
				M1-1.	-			1 0 (M1-1) R8A /R7-2		6 02 (R8).				
56	26 1988 53	15,987 Office		٦	43,000	27	70,982	70,982 3 44 (R7-2) (existing)	(existing)	3 44 (R7-2) 88,819 res	88,819 res	88,819		Lot 8
		Subtotal			103,949		125,927					289,953		
		TOTAL			180,356		374,526					469,257	288,902	
Notes				!										

FA = floor area

The area of projected development sites in Subdistrict C.

Site are projected development sites in Subdistrict C.

Site reference corresponds to Figure 4.

2 Based on preliminary estimates of lot area from New York City Department of Finance's Real Property Assessment Database (RPAD) and calculated ZFA.

2 Based on preliminary estimates of lot area from New York City Department of Finance's Real in an M1-1 district, and the eastern portion is located in an R7-2 district outside of the Project Area. As a result of the Proposed Action, the western portion of the lot would be rezoned to R8A, and therefore the entire lot could potentially be redeveloped for residential uses.

4 Lot could receive 11,912 sf of additional floor area from adjacent lot (Lot 8), which is part of an existing residential building that would be rezoned to R8A.

5 Future without the Proposed Action condition is anticipated to be a continuation of existing conditions.

Analyses 23. Attach analyses for each of the impact categories listed below (or indicate where an impact category is not applicable) See page 7a

а	LAND USE, ZONING, AND PUBLIC POLICY	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III A
b	SOCIOECONOMIC CONDITIONS	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III B
c	COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III C
d	OPEN SPACE	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III D
e	SHADOWS	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III E
f	HISTORIC RESOURCES	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III F
g	URBAN DESIGN/VISUAL RESOURCES	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III G
h	NEIGHBORHOOD CHARACTER	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III H
1	NATURAL RESOURCES	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III I
j	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III J
k	WATERFRONT REVITALIZATION PROGRAM	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III K
1	INFRASTRUCTURE	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III L
m	SOLID WASTE AND SANITATION SERVICES	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III M
n	ENERGY	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III N
o	TRAFFIC AND PARKING	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III O
p	TRANSIT AND PEDESTRIANS	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III P
q	AIR QUALITY	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III Q.
r	NOISE	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III R
s	CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III S
Ł	PUBLIC HEALTH	See CEQR Technical Manual Chapter III T

The CEQR Technical Manual sets forth methodologies developed by the City to be used in analyses prepared for the above-listed categories. Other methodologies developed or approved by the lead agency may also be utilized. If a different methodology is contemplated, it may be advisable to consult with the Mayor's Office of Environmental Coordination. You should also attach any other necessary analyses or information relevant to the determination whether the action may have a significant impact on the environment, including, where appropriate, information on combined or cumulative impacts, as might occur, for example, where actions are independent or occur within a discrete geographical area or time frame

a. LAND USE, ZONING, AND PUBLIC POLICY

23.

Under New York City Environmental Quality Review (CEQR), a land use analysis characterizes the uses and development trends in the area that may be affected by a proposed action. The analysis also considers the action's compliance with and effect on the area's zoning and other applicable public policies. Even when there is little potential for an action to be inconsistent or affect land use, zoning, or public policy, a description of these issues is usually appropriate to establish conditions and provide information for use in other technical areas. A detailed assessment of land use is appropriate if the action would result in a significant change in land use or would substantially affect regulation or policies governing land use.

A full land use analysis will be prepared for the EIS to analyze potential land use and zoning impacts and to provide baseline conditions for other analyses in the EIS to be completed for the Proposed Actions (see EIS Draft Scope of Work). In addition, other proposed developments in the future without the Proposed Actions will be identified in this section of the EIS

b. SOCIOECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The Proposed Actions have the potential to result in changes in population and housing as well as business and employment in and around the Project Area. Therefore, the EIS will examine the effects of the Proposed Actions on socioeconomic conditions in the Project Area, including population characteristics, increase in economic activity, and the potential direct and secondary displacement of residents, businesses, and employment.

c. COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES

The demand for community facilities and services is directly related to the type and size of the new population generated by the Proposed Actions. New residential developments tend to affect facilities, such as public schools, libraries, and hospitals. According to the CEQR Technical Manual, a detailed community facilities analysis is conducted when a project would have a direct or indirect effect on a community facility. A direct effect would occur if a project would physically alter a community facility, whether by displacement of the facility or other physical change. Analysis of police and fire facilities is conducted only when a direct impact is expected. An analysis of public schools is required if the project would introduce more than 50 elementary/middle school or 150 high school students. An analysis of libraries is undertaken if the project would result in more than a 5 percent increase in the ratio of residential units to libraries in the borough. An analysis of health care facilities is undertaken with projects of more than 600 low- to moderate-income housing units, and an analysis of day care centers is necessary when a project would introduce more than 50 eligible children (357 low-income or 417 low-moderate-income residential units in Manhattan, as identified in Table 3C-4 of the 2001 CEQR Technical Manual).

Based on these criteria, the Proposed Actions would not trigger the threshold for an analysis of hospitals or day care centers. In addition, the Proposed Actions would not directly affect any police or fire protection services, and an assessment of these services is not required. However, the police and fire facilities that serve the Project Area will be identified in the EIS for informational purposes.

The analysis of community facilities and services will be limited to an assessment of the ability of public schools and libraries to serve the new residents (see attached EIS Draft Scope of Work).

d. OPEN SPACE AND RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

Based on the CEQR Technical Manual, an open space assessment is typically conducted if the proposed action would directly affect an open space or if the action would increase the population by more than 200 residents or 500 workers. The Proposed Actions would result in increases in the number of workers and residents exceeding the CEQR Technical Manual threshold of 500 workers and 200 residents that triggers quantified open space assessments; therefore, a residential and commercial open space analysis will be provided, as described in the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

e. SHADOWS

The CEQR criteria for a shadows assessment states that actions that result in new shadows long enough to reach a publicly accessible open space (except within an hour and a half of sunrise and sunset), a historic landscape, a historic resource with sunlight dependent features, or an important natural feature would require analysis. With new buildings containing various high-rise components that range seven to 20 stories, the Proposed Actions would be significantly taller than the existing low- to mid-rise buildings in the Project Area. A discussion of the new buildings' potential to create shadow impacts in the area will be included in the EIS, as described in the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

f. HISTORIC RESOURCES

According to the CEQR Technical Manual, a historic resources assessment is required if there is the potential to affect either archaeological or architectural resources. Actions that could affect archaeological resources and that typically require an assessment are those that involve in-ground disturbance or belowground construction, such as excavation. Actions that trigger an architectural resources assessment include new construction, demolition, or significant alteration to any building, structure, or object; a change in scale, visual prominence, or visual context of any building, structure, or object or landscape feature; construction, including but not limited to, excavation, vibration, subsidence, dewatering, and the possibility of falling objects; additions to or significant removal, grading, or replanting of significant historic landscape features; screening or elimination of publicly accessible views; and the introduction of significant new shadows or significant lengthening of the duration of existing shadows over a historic landscape or on a historic structure with sunlight-dependent features (see "Shadows," above).

The Proposed Actions would affect an approximately 35-acre area of Manhattanville in West Harlem. It is therefore necessary to determine whether there are any historic resources or potential historic resources and any potential archaeological resources that could be affected by the Proposed Actions. An analysis of potential impacts of the Proposed Actions on historic and archaeological resources will be presented in the EIS, as described in the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

g. URBAN DESIGN AND VISUAL RESOURCES

According to the CEQR Technical Manual, a detailed assessment of urban design and visual resources is undertaken when a proposed action would result in a building or structure substantially different in height, bulk, form, setbacks, size, scale, use, or arrangement than exists; when an action would change block form, demap an active street, map a new street, or would affect the street hierarchy, street wall, curb cuts, pedestrian activity, or other streetscape elements; or when an action would result in above-ground development or would change the bulk of new above-ground development and is proposed in an area that includes significant visual resources. As part of the Proposed Actions, new buildings containing mid- and high-rise components ranging from seven to 20 stories would be constructed in an area that currently contains low-to mid-rise manufacturing and storage buildings as well as surface parking. Therefore, a discussion of the Proposed Actions' effects on urban design and visual resources will be included in the EIS, as described in the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

h. NEIGHBORHOOD CHARACTER

The character of a neighborhood is established by numerous factors, including land use patterns, the scale of its development, the design of buildings, the presence of notable landmarks, and a variety of other features. According to CEQR criteria, a neighborhood character assessment is conducted if the action would result in a significant impact in the areas of land use, zoning, and public policy; urban design; visual resources; historic resources; socioeconomic conditions; traffic; or noise. In addition, if the action falls below these thresholds but would result in moderate changes in the elements that contribute to neighborhood character, thereby resulting in a significant impact, an analysis of neighborhood character is required. The Proposed Actions would change the Project Area's land use and would involve a change in the scale of development the Project Area. The Proposed Actions would also change the visual character of the Project Area. These factors and others could contribute to a change in the character of the neighborhood and will be analyzed in the EIS. See the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

i. NATURAL RESOURCES

A natural resources assessment is conducted when a natural resource is present on or near the project site and when an action involves the disturbance of that resource. The CEQR Technical Manual defines natural resources as water resources, including surface water bodies and groundwater; wetland resources, including freshwater and tidal wetlands; upland resources, including beaches, dunes, and bluffs, thickets, grasslands, meadows and old fields, woodlands and forests, and gardens and other ornamental landscaping; and built resources, including piers and other waterfront structures. The Project Area is located in a fully developed area in Manhattan. The Project Area is largely impervious surface. Therefore, it has limited existing vegetation resources and consequently provides almost no habitat for wildlife. Increases in discharges from combined sewer overflows can potentially affect water quality and aquatic biota. The attached EIS Draft Scope of Work outlines the natural resources studies that will be undertaken.

j. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

According to CEQR criteria, a hazardous materials assessment is conducted when elevated levels of hazardous materials exist on a site, when an action would increase pathways to their exposures, either human or environmental, or when an action would introduce new activities or processes using hazardous materials, thereby increasing the risk of human or environmental exposure. An analysis should be conducted for any site with the potential to contain hazardous materials or if any future redevelopment of the property is anticipated. The CEQR Technical Manual specifically states that rezoning a manufacturing zone to a commercial or residential zone would trigger an analysis, as would development where underground and/or above-ground storage tanks are on or adjacent to the site. Because the Project Area has been occupied by a number of auto-related and manufacturing uses that may have used, stored, or produced hazardous materials, an analysis of hazardous materials on the Project Area will be included in the EIS. See attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

k. WATERFRONT REVITALIZATION PROGRAM

The Project Area is located within the boundaries of the city's Coastal Zone. Therefore, a detailed assessment of the Proposed Actions' conformance with the city's Waterfront Revitalization Program will be included in the EIS, as described in the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work. The New York State Coastal Management Program, Federal Consistency Assessment Form is attached.

I. INFRASTRUCTURE

According to the CEQR Technical Manual, an analysis of an action's impact on the New York City water supply system should be conducted only for actions that would have exceptionally large demand for water, such as power plants, very large cooling systems, or large developments (e.g., those that use more than 1 million gallons per day). In addition, actions located at the extremities of the water distribution system should be analyzed.

According to the CEQR Technical Manual, the city is committed to adequately treating all wastewater generated in the city and to maintaining its wastewater treatment plants at or below the capacity permitted by applicable state and federal permits, orders, and decrees. Therefore, only unusual actions with very large flows could have the potential for significant impacts on sewage treatment.

The Proposed Actions are not anticipated to be large enough nor are they located in a water or sewer service area with the capacity deficiencies to require a full infrastructure analysis. A screening level analysis will be included in the EIS to determine whether the Proposed Actions have the potential to result in impacts to the area's water and wastewater infrastructure system. If warranted, a detailed analysis will be provided. In addition, the EIS will address the issue of the relocation of the infrastructure under the streets due to the development of the subterranean science support and service facilities. See attached EIS Draft Scope of Work

m. SOLID WASTE AND SANITATION SERVICES

According to CEQR criteria, a detailed solid waste and sanitation services assessment is appropriate if an action enacts regulatory changes affecting the generation or management of the city's waste or if the action involves the construction, operation, or closing of any type of solid waste management facility. The manual

also states that projects with a generation rate of less than 10,000 pounds per week are not considered large and do not require detailed analysis.

Solid waste generated by the Academic Mixed-Use Development would be handled by private carters and would not have an effect on the city's sanitation services. A screening level analysis will be included in the EIS to determine whether the Proposed Actions have the potential to result in impacts to the solid waste infrastructure system. If warranted, a detailed analysis will be provided. Any special solid wastes associated with the Academic Mixed-Use Development that have to be separated from the normal solid waste will be discussed. The volume of this waste will be quantified, and the handling system described, as described in the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

n. ENERGY

According to the CEQR Technical Manual, a detailed assessment of energy impacts would be limited to actions that could significantly affect the transmission or generation of energy or that generate substantial indirect consumption of energy (such as a new roadway).

The energy usage for the Proposed Actions as well as the potential effect of the proposed Academic Mixed-Use Development's on-site centralized steam and chilled water plant on the energy supply and distribution system will be described in the EIS. The effect of the new demand on the energy supply systems and the ability of the new utilities to handle the existing and estimated additional demand will be assessed, as described in the attached EIS Draft Scope of Work.

o. TRAFFIC AND PARKING

The CEQR Technical Manual requires traffic and parking assessments for any proposed action that would result in development greater than the levels shown in Table 3O-1 (see 2001 CEQR Technical Manual page 3O-2). The scale of the Proposed Actions exceeds this threshold, indicating the need for quantified traffic and parking analyses. The attached EIS Draft Scope of Work outlines the studies to be undertaken.

p. TRANSIT AND PEDESTRIANS

According to CEQR criteria, the transit and pedestrian analyses should be coordinated with the traffic and parking analyses (see "Traffic and Parking," above). If an action results in fewer than 200 peak hour rail or bus transit riders, further transit analyses are not typically required. Pedestrian analyses are typically conducted if an action would result in residential or office projects that are 50 percent greater than the levels identified in Table 3O-1 (see 2001 CEQR Technical Manual Section 3O). Based on the scale of the Proposed Actions, an analysis of buses and subways will be required. Pedestrian facilities immediately surrounding the Project Area will be analyzed, as described in the EIS Draft Scope of Work.

q. AIR QUALITY

CEQR criteria require an air quality assessment for actions that can result in either significant mobile source or stationary source air quality impacts. Mobile source impacts could arise when an action increases or causes a redistribution of traffic, creates any other mobile sources of pollutants, or adds new uses near existing mobile sources. Stationary source impacts could occur with actions that create new stationary sources or pollutants, such as emission stacks for industrial plants, hospitals, or other large institutional uses, or a building's boilers, that can affect surrounding uses; when they add uses near existing or planned future emissions stacks, and these new uses might be affected by the emissions from the stacks; or when they add structures near such stacks, and these structures can change the dispersion of emissions from the stacks so that they begin to affect surrounding uses.

The air quality studies for the Proposed Actions will include both mobile and stationary source analyses. The stationary source air quality impact analysis will include an assessment of the emissions from the proposed Academic Mixed-Use Development's on-site centralized steam and chilled water plant, the potential for impacts on project users from existing industrial/manufacturing uses in the area, and the effects of the project's heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems' emissions. The attached EIS Draft Scope of Work outlines the studies to be undertaken

r. NOISE

According to the CEQR Technical Manual, a noise analysis is appropriate if an action would generate any mobile or stationary sources of noise or would be located in an area with high ambient noise levels. Specifically, an analysis would be required if an action generates or reroutes vehicular traffic, if an action is located near a heavily trafficked thoroughfare, if an action would be within 1 mile of an existing flight path or within 1,500 feet of existing rail activity (and with a direct line of sight to that rail facility). A noise assessment would also be appropriate if the action would result in a playground or would cause a stationary source to be operating within 1,500 feet of a receptor (with a direct line of sight to that receptor), or if the action would include unenclosed mechanical equipment for manufacturing or building ventilation purposes, or if the action would be located in an area with high ambient noise levels resulting from stationary sources. The noise analysis will examine impacts on residences and sensitive land uses that would be affected by changes in traffic resulting from the Proposed Actions and the proposed Academic Mixed-Use Development building operations (i.e., noise from the Academic Mixed-Use Development's on-site centralized steam and chilled water plant and other mechanical equipment). Building attenuation required to provide acceptable interior noise levels will also be examined, as described in the EIS Draft Scope of Work.

s. CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS

As recommended in the CEQR Technical Manual, construction-related impacts are typically analyzed to determine any disruptive or noticeable effects arising during a project's construction. Construction analyses for most new projects should include an assessment of at least traffic-related impacts, air quality, and noise. As discussed in the EIS Draft Scope of Work, an analysis of construction impacts with a focus on traffic, air quality, historic resources, and noise will be included in the EIS.

t. PUBLIC HEALTH

According to the CEQR Technical Manual, public health comprises the activities that society undertakes to create and promote a community's wellness. Public health may be jeopardized by poor air quality resulting from traffic or stationary sources, hazardous materials in soil or groundwater used for drinking water, significant adverse impacts related to noise or odors, solid waste management practices that attract vermin and pest populations, and actions that result in exceedances in city, state, or federal standards. The Proposed Actions would not involve solid waste management practices that would attract vermin or pest populations. As discussed in the EIS Draft Scope of Work, the project's potential to significantly impact public health concerns related to air quality, noise, hazardous materials, and construction will be included in the EIS.

A	pplicant	
C	ertification	n

24.

Debra C. Allee, AICP

PREPARER NAME

AKRF, Inc.

PREPARER TITLE

PREPARER TITLE

PREPARER SIGNATURE

9 30 05

DATE

Columbia University

PRINCIPAL

Richard G. Leland, Esq.

NAME OF PRINCIPAL REPRESENTATIVE

Partner

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TITLE OF PRINCIPAL REPRESENTATIVE

9 30 05

NOTE Any person who knowingly makes a false statement or who knowingly falsifies any statement on this form or allows any such statement to be falsified shall be guilty of an offense punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, pursuant to Section 10-154 of the New York City Administrative Code, and may be hable under applicable laws

DATE

PART III, ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT AND DETERMINATION TO BE COMPLETED BY THE LEAD AGENCY

The lead agency should complete this Part after Parts I and II have been completed. In completing this Part, the lead agency should consult 6 NYCRR 617.7, which contains the State Department of Environmental Conservation's criteria for determining significance.

The lead agency should ensure the creation of a record sufficient to support the determination in this Part. The record may be based upon analyses submitted by the applicant (if any) with Part II of the EAS. The CEOR Technical Manual sets forth methodologies developed by the City to be used in analyses prepared for the listed categories. Alternative or additional methodologies may be utilized by the lead agency

For each of the impact categories listed below, consider whether the action may have a significant effect on the environment with respect to the impact category. If it may, answer yes

respect to the impact category. If it may, answer yes.	
LAND USE, ZONING, AND PUBLIC POLICY	YFS
SOCIOECONOMIC CONDITIONS	YES
COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES	YFS
OPEN SPACE	YES
SHADOWS	YFS
HISTORIC RESOURCES	YES
URBAN DESIGN/VISUAL RESOURCES	YFS
NEIGHBORHOOD CHARACTER	YES
NATURAL RESOURCES	YES
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	YFS
WATERFRONT REVITALIZATION PROGRAM	YES
INFRASTRUCTURE	YES
SOLID WASTE AND SANITATION SERVICES	YFS
ENERGY	YFS
TRAFFIC AND PARKING	VES
TRANSIT AND PEDESTRIANS	YFS
AIR QUALITY	YES
NOISE	YES
CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS	YES
PUBLIC HEALTH	VFS

- 2. Are there any aspects of the action relevant to the determination whether the action may have a significant impact on the environment, such as combined or cumulative impacts, that were not fully covered by other responses and supporting materials? If there are such impacts, explain them and state where, as a result of them, the action may have a significant impact on the environment.
- 3. If the lead agency has determined in its answers to questions 1 and 2 of this Part that the action will have no significant impact on the environment, a negative declaration is appropriate. The lead agency may, in its discretion, further elaborate here upon the reasons for issuance of a negative declaration.
- 4. If the lead agency has determined in its answers to questions 1 and 2 of this part that the action may have a significant impact on the environment, a conditional negative declaration (CND) may be appropriate if there is a private applicant for the action and the action is not Type I A CND is only appropriate when conditions imposed by the lead agency will modify the proposed action so that no significant adverse environmental impacts will result. If a CND is appropriate, the lead agency should describe here the conditions to the action that will be undertaken and how they will mitigate potential significant impacts.
- 5. If the lead agency has determined that the action may have a significant impact on the environment, and if a conditional negative declaration is not appropriate, then the lead agency should issue a positive declaration. Where appropriate, the lead agency may, in its discretion, further elaborate here upon the reasons for issuance of a positive declaration. In particular, if supporting materials do not make clear the basis for a positive declaration, the lead agency should describe briefly the impact(s) it has identified that may constitute a significant impact on the environment.

Brad Kieves	Robert Dobruskin
PREPARER NAME	NAME OF LEAD AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE
Project Manager	Director, DCP Environmental Review
PREPARER TITLE	TITLE OF LEAD AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE
PREPARER SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE OF LEAD AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE
DATE	DATE

APPENDIX A FEDERAL CONSISTENCY ASSESSMENT FORM

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF STATE COASTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Federal Consistency Assessment Form

An applicant, seeking a permit, license, waiver, certification, or similar type of approval from a federal agency which is subject to the New York State Coastal Management Program (CMP), shall complete this assessment form for any proposed activity that will occur within and/or directly affect the State's Coastal Area. This form is intended to assist an applicant in certifying that the proposed activity is consistent with New York State's CMP as required by U.S. Department of Commerce regulations (15 CFR 930.57). It should be completed at the time when the federal application is prepared. The Department of State will use the completed form and accompanying information in its review of the applicant's certification of consistency

A	<u>AP</u>	<u>PLICANT</u>				
	i	Name:	Columbia Unive	ersity, c/o Richard C	G. Leland, Esq. (please print)	
					(pieuse print)	
	2	Address:	1177 Avenue	of the Americas, NY	, NY 10036	
	3.	Telephone:		(212) 715-8087		
В.	PR	OPOSED ACTIVITY				
	1.	Brief description of ac	etivity:			
		for an approxima would support th Development Con Columbia Univer	ately 35-acre area in e type of mixed-use poration (EDC) We sity to realize an Ac	the Manhattanvil development reco est Harlem Master cademic Mixed-Us	lle section of W mmended by tl · Plan. The rezo e plan on appro	Mixed-Use Zoning District est Harlem. The rezoning he New York City Economic oning would also allow eximately 17 acres within with and modernization.
	2.	Purpose of activity				
		Manhattanville a development and	rea in West Harlem	adjacent to the w nd uses than allow	aterfront by en ed under curre	nd revitalization of the couraging higher-density ent zoning and to meet
	3.	Location of activity				
		New York		New York		See Figure 1 of EAS
		County		City, Town, or \	Village	Street or Site Description
	4.	Type of federal permi	Vlicense required:		None	
	5	Federal application nu	mber, if known:		N/A	18 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	4.		e was issued or is requ ntify the state agency ar known		ESDC and NY	SDEC

- C <u>COASTAL ASSESSMENT</u> Check either "YES" or "NO" for each of the following questions. The numbers following each question refer to the policies described in the CMP document (see footnote on page 2) which may be affected by the proposed activity
 - 1. Will the proposed activity <u>result</u> in any of the following:

		<u>YES</u>	NO
	(a) Large physical change to a site within the coastal area which will require the		
-	preparation of an environmental impact statement? (11, 22, 25, 32, 37, 38, 41, 43)	X	
	(b) Physical alteration of more than two acres of land along the shoreline, land under		
	water or coastal waters? (2, 11, 12, 20, 28, 35, 44)	X	
	(c) Revitalization/redevelopment of a deteriorated or underutilized waterfront site? (1) X	
	(d) Reduction of existing or potential public access to or along coastal waters? (19, 20		X
	(e) Adverse effect upon the commercial or recreational use of coastal fish resources?	9,	
	10)		X
	(f) Siting of a facility essential to the exploration, development, and production of ene	rgy	
	resources in coastal waters or on the Outer Continental Shelf? (29)		X
	(g) Siting of a facility essential to the generation or transmission of energy? (27)		X
	(h) Mining, excavation, or dredging activities, or the placement of dredged or fill mate	rial	
	ın coastal waters? (15, 35)		X
	(i) Discharge of toxics, hazardous substances, or other pollutants into coastal waters?	(8,	
	15, 35)		X
	(j) Draining of stormwater runoff or sewer overflows into coastal waters? (33)	X	
	(k) Transport, storage, treatment, or disposal of solid wastes or hazardous materials?		
	(36,39)		X
	(l) Adverse effect upon land or water uses within the State's small harbors? (4)		X

Will the proposed activity affect, or be located in, on, or adjacent to any of the following:

(a) State designated freshwater or tidal wetland? (44)	X	
(b) Federally designated flood and/or state designated erosion hazard area? (11, 12, 17)	X	
(c) State designated significant fish and/or wildlife habitat? (7)	X	
(d) State designated significant scenic resource or area? (24)		X
(e) State designated important agricultural lands? (26)		X
(f) Beach, dune, or barrier island? (12)		X
(g) Major ports of Albany, Buffalo, Ogdensburg, Oswego, or New York? (3)		X
(h) State, county, or local park? (19, 20)		X
(1) Historic resource listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places? (23)	X	

3. Will the proposed activity require any of the following.

(a) Waterfront site? (2, 21, 22)	1 x 1	
(b) Provision of new public services or infrastructure in undeveloped or sparsely		
populated sections of the coastal area? (5)		X
(c) Construction or reconstruction of a flood or erosion control structure? (13, 14, 16)		X
(d) State water quality permit or certification? (30, 38, 40)		<u>X</u>
(e) State air quality permit or certification? (41, 43)		X
(f) Reduction of existing or potential public access to or along the shore?		X